

## Product datasheet for **TR501240**

### Lepr Mouse shRNA Plasmid (Locus ID 16847)

#### Product data:

Product Type:	shRNA Plasmids
Product Name:	Lepr Mouse shRNA Plasmid (Locus ID 16847)
Locus ID:	16847
Synonyms:	db; diabetes; Leprb; LEPROT; Modb1; OB-RGRP; obese-like; obl; Obr
Vector:	pRS (TR20003)
E. coli Selection:	Ampicillin
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Format:	Retroviral plasmids
Components:	Lepr - Mouse, 4 unique 29mer shRNA constructs in retroviral untagged vector(Gene ID = 16847). 5µg purified plasmid DNA per construct 29-mer scrambled shRNA cassette in pRS Vector, TR30012, included for free.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">BC082551</a> , <a href="#">NM_001122899</a> , <a href="#">NM_010704</a> , <a href="#">NM_146146</a> , <a href="#">NM_146146.1</a> , <a href="#">NM_146146.2</a> , <a href="#">NM_001122899.1</a> , <a href="#">NM_010704.1</a> , <a href="#">NM_010704.2</a> , <a href="#">BC082551.1</a> , <a href="#">NM_146146.3</a> , <a href="#">NM_001122899.2</a>
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P48356</a>



[View online »](#)

<b>Summary:</b>	Receptor for hormone LEP/leptin (Probable) (PubMed:11861497). On ligand binding, mediates LEP central and peripheral effects through the activation of different signaling pathways such as JAK2/STAT3 and MAPK cascade/FOS (PubMed:10799542, PubMed:25383904, PubMed:11923481, PubMed:11861497). In the hypothalamus, LEP acts as an appetite-regulating factor that induces a decrease in food intake and an increase in energy consumption by inducing anorexigenic factors and suppressing orexigenic neuropeptides, also regulates bone mass and secretion of hypothalamo-pituitary-adrenal hormones (PubMed:10660043, PubMed:12594516). In the periphery, increases basal metabolism, influences reproductive function, regulates pancreatic beta-cell function and insulin secretion, is pro-angiogenic and affects innate and adaptive immunity (PubMed:25383904, PubMed:11923481). Control of energy homeostasis and melanocortin production (stimulation of POMC and full repression of AgRP transcription) is mediated by STAT3 signaling, whereas distinct signals regulate NPY and the control of fertility, growth and glucose homeostasis (PubMed:12594516). Involved in the regulation of counter-regulatory response to hypoglycemia by inhibiting neurons of the parabrachial nucleus (PubMed:25383904). Has a specific effect on T lymphocyte responses, differentially regulating the proliferation of naive and memory T-cells. Leptin increases Th1 and suppresses Th2 cytokine production (PubMed:9732873).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]
<b>shRNA Design:</b>	These shRNA constructs were designed against multiple splice variants at this gene locus. To be certain that your variant of interest is targeted, please contact <a href="mailto:techsupport@origene.com">techsupport@origene.com</a> . If you need a special design or shRNA sequence, please utilize our <a href="#">custom shRNA service</a> .
<b>Performance Guaranteed:</b>	<p>OriGene guarantees that the sequences in the shRNA expression cassettes are verified to correspond to the target gene with 100% identity. One of the four constructs at minimum are guaranteed to produce 70% or more gene expression knock-down provided a minimum transfection efficiency of 80% is achieved. Western Blot data is recommended over qPCR to evaluate the silencing effect of the shRNA constructs 72 hrs post transfection. To properly assess knockdown, the gene expression level from the included scramble control vector must be used in comparison with the target-specific shRNA transfected samples.</p> <p>For non-conforming shRNA, requests for replacement product must be made within ninety (90) days from the date of delivery of the shRNA kit. To arrange for a free replacement with newly designed constructs, please contact Technical Services at <a href="mailto:techsupport@origene.com">techsupport@origene.com</a>. Please provide your data indicating the transfection efficiency and measurement of gene expression knockdown compared to the scrambled shRNA control (Western Blot data preferred).</p>