

## Product datasheet for **TR313473**

### DIO1 Human shRNA Plasmid Kit (Locus ID 1733)

#### Product data:

Product Type:	shRNA Plasmids
Product Name:	DIO1 Human shRNA Plasmid Kit (Locus ID 1733)
Locus ID:	1733
Synonyms:	5DI; TXDI1
Vector:	pRS (TR20003)
E. coli Selection:	Ampicillin
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Format:	Retroviral plasmids
Components:	DIO1 - Human, 4 unique 29mer shRNA constructs in retroviral untagged vector(Gene ID = 1733). 5µg purified plasmid DNA per construct 29-mer scrambled shRNA cassette in pRS Vector, TR30012, included for free.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_000792</a> , <a href="#">NM_001039715</a> , <a href="#">NM_001039716</a> , <a href="#">NM_213593</a> , <a href="#">NM_001324316</a> , <a href="#">NR_136692</a> , <a href="#">NR_136693</a> , <a href="#">NM_001039716.1</a> , <a href="#">NM_001039716.2</a> , <a href="#">NM_000792.1</a> , <a href="#">NM_000792.2</a> , <a href="#">NM_000792.3</a> , <a href="#">NM_000792.4</a> , <a href="#">NM_000792.5</a> , <a href="#">NM_000792.6</a> , <a href="#">NM_213593.1</a> , <a href="#">NM_213593.2</a> , <a href="#">NM_213593.3</a> , <a href="#">NM_001039715.1</a> , <a href="#">NM_001039715.2</a> , <a href="#">BC017955</a> , <a href="#">BC107170</a> , <a href="#">BC107171</a> , <a href="#">NM_001039715.3</a> , <a href="#">NM_000792.7</a> , <a href="#">NM_213593.5</a> , <a href="#">NM_001039716.3</a>
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P49895</a>
Summary:	The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the iodothyronine deiodinase family. It catalyzes the activation, as well as the inactivation of thyroid hormone by outer and inner ring deiodination, respectively. The activation reaction involves the conversion of the prohormone thyroxine (3,5,3',5'-tetraiodothyronine, T4), secreted by the thyroid gland, to the bioactive thyroid hormone (3,5,3'-triiodothyronine, T3) by 5'-deiodination. This protein provides most of the circulating T3, which is essential for growth, differentiation and basal metabolism in vertebrates. This protein is a selenoprotein, containing the rare amino acid selenocysteine (Sec) at its active site. Sec is encoded by the UGA codon, which normally signals translation termination. The 3' UTRs of selenoprotein mRNAs contain a conserved stem-loop structure, designated the Sec insertion sequence (SECIS) element, that is necessary for the recognition of UGA as a Sec codon, rather than as a stop signal. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2018]


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<b>shRNA Design:</b>	These shRNA constructs were designed against multiple splice variants at this gene locus. To be certain that your variant of interest is targeted, please contact <a href="mailto:techsupport@origene.com">techsupport@origene.com</a> . If you need a special design or shRNA sequence, please utilize our <a href="#">custom shRNA service</a> .
<b>Performance Guaranteed:</b>	<p>OriGene guarantees that the sequences in the shRNA expression cassettes are verified to correspond to the target gene with 100% identity. One of the four constructs at minimum are guaranteed to produce 70% or more gene expression knock-down provided a minimum transfection efficiency of 80% is achieved. Western Blot data is recommended over qPCR to evaluate the silencing effect of the shRNA constructs 72 hrs post transfection. To properly assess knockdown, the gene expression level from the included scramble control vector must be used in comparison with the target-specific shRNA transfected samples.</p> <p>For non-conforming shRNA, requests for replacement product must be made within ninety (90) days from the date of delivery of the shRNA kit. To arrange for a free replacement with newly designed constructs, please contact Technical Services at <a href="mailto:techsupport@origene.com">techsupport@origene.com</a>. Please provide your data indicating the transfection efficiency and measurement of gene expression knockdown compared to the scrambled shRNA control (Western Blot data preferred).</p>