

Product datasheet for TP762674

KIR3DL1 (NM_013289) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

| Product Type: | Recombinant Proteins |
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| Description: | Purified recombinant protein of Human killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptor, three domains, long cytoplasmic tail, 1 (KIR3DL1) |
| Species: | Human |
| Expression Host: | E. coli |
| Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence: | A DNA sequence encoding the region(30Phe-335Asn) of KIR3DL1 |
| Tag: | N-His |
| Predicted MW: | 33.7 kDa |
| Concentration: | >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method |
| Purity: | > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining |
| Buffer: | 25 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 150 mM NaCl, 1% sarkosyl, 10% glycerol |
| Note: | For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process. |
| Storage: | Store at -80°C after receiving vials. |
| Stability: | Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. |
| RefSeq: | <u>NP 037421</u> |
| Locus ID: | 3811 |
| UniProt ID: | <u>P43629, Q5UCE2, Q8N6C9</u> |
| RefSeq Size: | 1986 |
| Cytogenetics: | 19q13.42 |
| RefSeq ORF: | 1332 |
| Synonyms: | CD158E1; KIR; KIR2DL5B; KIR3DL1/S1; NKAT-3; NKAT3; NKB1; NKB1B |
| | |



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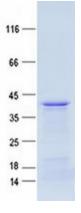
GRIGENE KIR3DL1 (NM_013289) Human Recombinant Protein – TP762674

Summary: Killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptors (KIRs) are transmembrane glycoproteins expressed by natural killer cells and subsets of T cells. The KIR genes are polymorphic and highly homologous and they are found in a cluster on chromosome 19q13.4 within the 1 Mb leukocyte receptor complex (LRC). The gene content of the KIR gene cluster varies among haplotypes, although several "framework" genes are found in all haplotypes (KIR3DL3, KIR3DP1, KIR3DL4, KIR3DL2). The KIR proteins are classified by the number of extracellular immunoglobulin domains (2D or 3D) and by whether they have a long (L) or short (S) cytoplasmic domain. KIR proteins with the long cytoplasmic domain transduce inhibitory signals upon ligand binding via an immune tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM), while KIR proteins with the short cytoplasmic domain lack the ITIM motif and instead associate with the TYRO protein tyrosine kinase binding protein to transduce activating signals. The ligands for several KIR proteins are subsets of HLA class I molecules; thus, KIR proteins are thought to play an important role in regulation of the immune response. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Families: Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Antigen processing and presentation, Graft-versus-host disease, Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity

Product images:



Purified recombinant protein KIR3DL1 was analyzed by SDS-PAGE gel and Coomossie Blue Staining.

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