

Product datasheet for **TP762633**

SEP15 (NM_004261) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

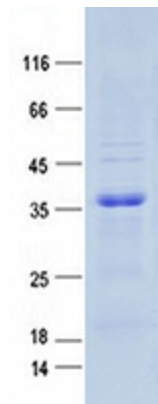
Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Human 15 kDa selenoprotein (SEP15), transcript variant 1, (Note, selenocysteine protein, internal stop codon, see reference data summary)
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	A DNA sequence encoding the region full length of SEP15
Tag:	N-GST and C-HIS
Predicted MW:	45.9 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 8 M urea
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C after receiving vials.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_004252
Locus ID:	9403
UniProt ID:	O60613
RefSeq Size:	1851
Cytogenetics:	1p22.3
Synonyms:	SEP15



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Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the SEP15/selenoprotein M family. The exact function of this protein is not known; however, it has been found to associate with UDP-glucose:glycoprotein glucosyltransferase (UGTR), an endoplasmic reticulum(ER)-resident protein, which is involved in the quality control of protein folding. The association with UGTR retains this protein in the ER, where it may play a role in protein folding. It has also been suggested to have a role in cancer etiology. This protein is a selenoprotein, containing the rare amino acid selenocysteine (Sec). Sec is encoded by the UGA codon, which normally signals translation termination. The 3' UTRs of selenoprotein mRNAs contain a conserved stem-loop structure, designated the Sec insertion sequence (SECIS) element, that is necessary for the recognition of UGA as a Sec codon, rather than as a stop signal. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2016]

Product images:

Purified recombinant protein 15-Sep was analyzed by SDS-PAGE gel and Coomassie Blue Staining.