

Product datasheet for **TP762456**

DR3 (TNFRSF25) (NM_148965) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Human tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, member 25 (TNFRSF25), transcript variant 1, Cys141-End, with N-terminal His tag, expressed in E.coli, 50ug
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	A DNA sequence encoding the region(Cys141-End) of TNFRSF25
Tag:	N-His
Predicted MW:	31.0 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 8 M urea
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C after receiving vials.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_683866
Locus ID:	8718
UniProt ID:	Q93038
RefSeq Size:	1665
Cytogenetics:	1p36.31
RefSeq ORF:	1278
Synonyms:	APO-3; DDR3; DR3; GEF720; LARD; PLEKHG5; TNFRSF12; TR3; TRAMP; WSL-1; WSL-LR


[View online »](#)

Summary:

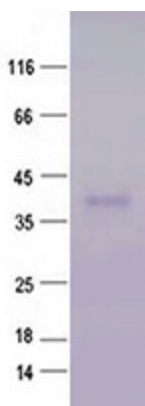
The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily. This receptor is expressed preferentially in the tissues enriched in lymphocytes, and it may play a role in regulating lymphocyte homeostasis. This receptor has been shown to stimulate NF-kappa B activity and regulate cell apoptosis. The signal transduction of this receptor is mediated by various death domain containing adaptor proteins. Knockout studies in mice suggested the role of this gene in the removal of self-reactive T cells in the thymus. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene encoding distinct isoforms have been reported, most of which are potentially secreted molecules. The alternative splicing of this gene in B and T cells encounters a programmed change upon T-cell activation, which predominantly produces full-length, membrane bound isoforms, and is thought to be involved in controlling lymphocyte proliferation induced by T-cell activation. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways:

Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction

Product images:


Purified recombinant protein TNFRSF25 was analyzed by SDS-PAGE gel and Coomassie Blue Staining.