

Product datasheet for TP761874

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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GTF2H4 (NM 001517) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Purified recombinant protein of Human general transcription factor IIH, polypeptide 4, 52kDa

(GTF2H4), full length, with N-terminal GST and C-terminal His tag, expressed in E. coli, 50ug

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

A DNA sequence encoding human full-length GTF2H4

Tag: N-GST and C-His

Predicted MW: 80 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 8 M urea

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 001508

Locus ID: 2968

UniProt ID: <u>Q92759</u>, <u>A0A1U9X7S4</u>

RefSeq Size: 1736

Cytogenetics: 6p21.33

RefSeq ORF: 1386

Synonyms: P52; TFB2; TFIIH





Summary:

Component of the general transcription and DNA repair factor IIH (TFIIH) core complex, which is involved in general and transcription-coupled nucleotide excision repair (NER) of damaged DNA and, when complexed to CAK, in RNA transcription by RNA polymerase II. In NER, TFIIH acts by opening DNA around the lesion to allow the excision of the damaged oligonucleotide and its replacement by a new DNA fragment. In transcription, TFIIH has an essential role in transcription initiation. When the pre-initiation complex (PIC) has been established, TFIIH is required for promoter opening and promoter escape. Phosphorylation of the C-terminal tail (CTD) of the largest subunit of RNA polymerase II by the kinase module CAK controls the initiation of transcription.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors

Protein Pathways: Basal transcription factors, Nucleotide excision repair

Product images:

