

Product datasheet for TP761399

PLAT (NM_033011) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Human plasminogen activator, tissue (PLAT), transcript variant 3, full length, with N-terminal GST and C-terminal HIS tag, expressed in E. coli, 50ug
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	A DNA sequence encoding human full-length PLAT
Tag:	N-GST and C-His
Predicted MW:	82.9 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 150 mM NaCl, 1% sarkosyl, 10% glycerol
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	<u>NP 127509</u>
Locus ID:	5327
UniProt ID:	<u>P00750</u>
RefSeq Size:	3035
Cytogenetics:	8p11.21
RefSeq ORF:	1548
Synonyms:	Т-РА; ТРА

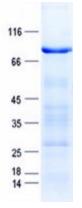


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GRIGENE PLAT (NM_033011) Human Recombinant Protein – TP761399

- Summary: This gene encodes tissue-type plasminogen activator, a secreted serine protease that converts the proenzyme plasminogen to plasmin, a fibrinolytic enzyme. The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed by plasmin or trypsin to generate heavy and light chains. These chains associate via disulfide linkages to form the heterodimeric enzyme. This enzyme plays a role in cell migration and tissue remodeling. Increased enzymatic activity causes hyperfibrinolysis, which manifests as excessive bleeding, while decreased activity leads to hypofibrinolysis, which can result in thrombosis or embolism. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants, at least one of which encodes an isoform that is proteolytically processed. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2016]
- Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Protease, Secreted Protein
- Protein Pathways: Complement and coagulation cascades

Product images:



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