

## Product datasheet for **TP760830**

### UPB1 (NM\_016327) Human Recombinant Protein

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Human ureidopropionase, beta (UPB1), full length, with N-terminal HIS tag, expressed in E. coli, 50ug
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	A DNA sequence encoding human full-length UPB1
Tag:	N-His
Predicted MW:	43 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 150 mM NaCl, 1% sarkosyl, 10% glycerol
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NP_057411</a>
Locus ID:	51733
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">Q9UBR1</a> , <a href="#">A0A024R1H3</a> , <a href="#">B3KNC1</a>
RefSeq Size:	2167
Cytogenetics:	22q11.23
RefSeq ORF:	1152
Synonyms:	BUP1



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**Summary:**

This gene encodes a protein that belongs to the CN hydrolase family. Beta-ureidopropionase catalyzes the last step in the pyrimidine degradation pathway. The pyrimidine bases uracil and thymine are degraded via the consecutive action of dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase (DHPDH), dihydropyrimidinase (DHP) and beta-ureidopropionase (UP) to beta-alanine and beta-aminoisobutyric acid, respectively. UP deficiencies are associated with N-carbamyl-beta-amino aciduria and may lead to abnormalities in neurological activity. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Protein Pathways:**

beta-Alanine metabolism, Drug metabolism - other enzymes, Metabolic pathways, Pantothenate and CoA biosynthesis, Pyrimidine metabolism

**Product images:**