

Product datasheet for TP760773

MRPS31 (NM_005830) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Human mitochondrial ribosomal protein S31 (MRPS31), nuclear gene encoding mitochondrial protein, full length, with N-terminal HIS tag, expressed in E. coli, 50ug
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	A DNA sequence encoding human full-length MRPS31
Tag:	N-His
Predicted MW:	45.1 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 150 mM NaCl, 1% sarkosyl, 10% glycerol
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	<u>NP 005821</u>
Locus ID:	10240
UniProt ID:	<u>Q92665</u>
RefSeq Size:	1344
Cytogenetics:	13q14.11
RefSeq ORF:	1185
Synonyms:	IMOGN38; MRP-S31; S31mt



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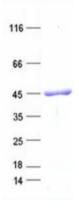
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GRIGENE MRPS31 (NM_005830) Human Recombinant Protein – TP760773

Summary:Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in
protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes)
consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein
to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed.
Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that
the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the
mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which
prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. The 28S subunit of the mammalian
mitoribosome may play a crucial and characteristic role in translation initiation. This gene
encodes a 28S subunit protein that has also been associated with type 1 diabetes; however,
its relationship to the etiology of this disease remains to be clarified. Pseudogenes
corresponding to this gene have been found on chromosomes 3 and 13. [provided by RefSeq,
Jul 2008]

Product images:



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