

Product datasheet for TP760121

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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ATP6V1C2 (NM_144583) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins	
Description:	Recombinant protein of human ATPase, H+ transporting, lysosomal 42kDa, V1 subunit C2 (ATP6V1C2), transcript variant 2, full length, with N-terminal HIS tag, expressed in E.Coli, 50ug	
Species:	Human	
Expression Host:	E. coli	
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	A DNA sequence encoding human full-length ATP6V1C2	
Tag:	N-His	
Predicted MW:	48.8 kDa	
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method	
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining	
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 150 mM NaCl, 1% sarkosyl, 10% glycerol	
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.	
Storage:	Store at -80°C.	
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.	
RefSeq:	<u>NP 653184</u>	
Locus ID:	245973	
UniProt ID:	<u>Q8NEY4</u>	
RefSeq Size:	3112	
Cytogenetics:	2p25.1	
RefSeq ORF:	1143	
Synonyms:	ATP6C2; VMA5	



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	GENE ATP6V1C2 (NM_144583) Human Recombinant Protein – TP760121	
Summary:	This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A,three B, and two G subunits, as well as a C, D, E, F, and H subunit. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. This gene encodes alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different V1 domain C subunit isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]	
Protein Pathwa	ys: Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection, Metabolic pathways, Oxidative	

Product images:

122	
86 —	
67 —	
49 —	-
40 —	
30 —	
25 —	
16 — 12 —	

phosphorylation, Vibrio cholerae infection

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