

# **Product datasheet for TP760074**

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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### MRPL23 (NM\_021134) Human Recombinant Protein

#### **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Recombinant protein of human mitochondrial ribosomal protein L23 (MRPL23), nuclear gene

encoding mitochondrial protein, full length, with N-terminal HIS tag, expressed in E.Coli, 50ug

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

**Expression cDNA Clone** 

or AA Sequence:

A DNA sequence encoding human full-length MRPL23

Tag: N-His

**Predicted MW:** 17.8 kDa

**Concentration:** >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 150 mM NaCl, 1% sarkosyl, 10% glycerol

**Note:** For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 066957

**Locus ID:** 6150

UniProt ID: Q16540

RefSeq Size: 758

**Cytogenetics:** 11p15.5

RefSeq ORF: 459

Synonyms: L23MRP; RPL23; RPL23L





Summary:

Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 39S subunit protein. The gene is biallelically expressed, despite its location within a region of imprinted genes on chromosome 11. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome

## **Product images:**

