

## **Product datasheet for TP728245S**

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

### Recombinant IL-18 (Interleukin-18), Human

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Recombinant IL-18 (Interleukin-18), Human

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

**Expression cDNA Clone** 

or AA Sequence:

YFGKLESKLSVIRNLNDQVLFIDQGNRPLFEDMTDSDCRDNAPRTIFIISMYKDSQPRGMAVTISVKCEKIS TLSCENKIISFKEMNPPDNIKDTKSDIIFFQRSVPGHDNKMQFESSSYEGYFLACEKERDLFKLILKKEDELG

DRSIMFTVQNED

Tag: Tag Free

**Predicted MW:** The protein has a calculated MW of 18.2 kDa. The protein migrates as 15 kDa under reducing

condition (SDS-PAGE analysis).

**Purity:** >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Buffer: The protein was lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution containing 1X PBS, pH 7.4.

**Bioactivity:** Measure by its ability to induce IFN gamma secretion in KG-1 cells. The ED50 for this effect is

<6 ng/mL.

**Endotoxin:**  $< 0.1 \text{ EU per 1} \mu \text{g of the protein by the LAL method.}$ 

**Reconstitution Method:** Centrifuge at 3000 rpm for 5 mins before opening. It is recommended to reconstitute the

lyophilized protein in sterile  $H_2O$  to a concentration not less than 100  $\mu g/mL$  and incubate the stock solution at room temperature for at least 20 mins to ensure sufficient re-dissolved.

Do Not Vortex! Vigorous shaking may impair the biological activity of the protein.

**Applications:** Cell culture

Storage: Lyophilized protein should be stored at -20°C for 1 year. Upon reconstitution, store at 2°C to

8°C for up to 1 week. Further dilute in a buffer containing a carrier protein or stabilizer (e.g. 0.1% BSA, 10%FBS, 5%HSA or 5% trehalose solution), protein aliquots should be stored at -

20°C or -80°C for 3-6 months. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

UniProt ID: Q14116

Synonyms: IGIF, IL-1g, IL1F4

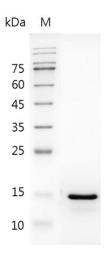




#### **Summary:**

Interleukin-18 (IL-18) belongs to the IL-1 superfamily and is constitutively produced by macrophages, dendritic cells (DCs) and other cells. IL-18 binds to the receptor of IL-18 (IL-18R) and initiate the recruitment and heterodimerization of the IL-18RAcP, leading to downstream activation of NF-kB. After stimulation with IL-18, multiple cytokines including IFN-y, IL-13, IL-4, IL-8, and GM-CSF and both Th1 and Th2 lymphokines could be produced by different cells. As an immunoregulaory cytokine, IL-18 can promote development of T helper 1 (Th1) cells, which maximizes the production of IFN by synergistically stimulating to mature Th1 effectors in combination with IL-12. On the contrary, it inhibits the production of the anti-inflammatory cytokine IL-10. In addition, IL-18 exhibits multiple proinflammatory functions, such as increases in cell adhesion molecules, nitric oxide synthesis, and chemokine production.

# **Product images:**



SDS- PAGE analysis of recombinant human IL-18