

Product datasheet for **TP728201S**

Recombinant FGF-21 (Fibroblast growth factor-21), Human

Product data:

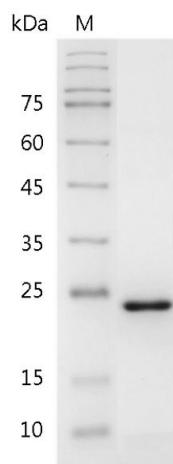
Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant FGF-21 (Fibroblast growth factor-21), Human
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	MHPIPDSSPLLQFGGQVRQRYLYTDDAQQTEAHLEIREDGTVGGAADQSPESLLQLKALKPGVIQILGVKT SRFLCQRPDGLYGLHFDPEACSFRELLLEDGYNVYQSEAHGLPLHLPGNKSPHRDPAPRGPAPRFLPLP GLPPALPEPPGILAPQPPDVGSSDPLSMVGPSQGRSPSYAS with polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.
Tag:	His Tag (C-term)
Predicted MW:	The protein has a calculated MW of 20.35 kDa. The protein migrates as 25 kDa under reducing condition (SDS-PAGE analysis).
Purity:	>98% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Buffer:	The protein was lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution containing 1X PBS, pH 8.0.
Bioactivity:	Measure by its ability to induce proliferation in BaF3 cells transfected with human FGFR11c. The ED ₅₀ for this effect is <0.4 µg/mL.
Endotoxin:	<0.1 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method.
Reconstitution Method:	Centrifuge at 3000 rpm for 5 mins before opening. It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized protein in sterile H ₂ O to a concentration not less than 100 µg/mL and incubate the stock solution at room temperature for at least 20 mins to ensure sufficient re-dissolved. Do Not Vortex! Vigorous shaking may impair the biological activity of the protein.
Applications:	Cell culture
Storage:	Lyophilized protein should be stored at -20°C for 1 year. Upon reconstitution, store at 2°C to 8°C for up to 1 week. Further dilute in a buffer containing a carrier protein or stabilizer (e.g. 0.1% BSA, 10%FBS, 5%HSA or 5% trehalose solution), protein aliquots should be stored at -20°C or -80°C for 3-6 months. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
UniProt ID:	Q9NSA1
Synonyms:	FGFL



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Summary:

Fibroblast Growth Factors-21 (FGF-21) is a 22.3 kDa member of the fibroblast Growth Factors with 209 amino acid residues. FGF-21 is expressed from liver and cardiomyocytes. FGF-21 is a key protein that regulates important metabolic pathways, and modulates cellular function, metabolism, and senescence. It can stimulate glucose uptake in differentiated adipocytes via the induction of glucose transporter SLC2A1 /GLUT1 expression.

Product images:

SDS- PAGE analysis of recombinant human FGF-21