

Product datasheet for **TP728199**

Recombinant FGF-2 (aa 135-288) (Fibroblast growth factor-basic) \square Human

Product data:

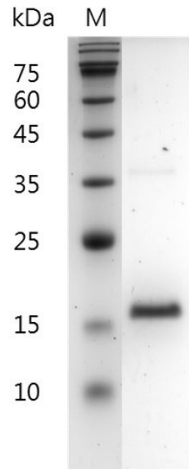
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|---------------------------------------|--|
| Product Type: | Recombinant Proteins |
| Description: | Recombinant FGF-2 (aa 135-288) (Fibroblast growth factor-basic) \square Human |
| Species: | Human |
| Expression Host: | E. coli |
| Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence: | AAGSITLTPALPEDGGSGAFPPGHFKDPKRLYCKNGGFFLRIHPDGRVDGVREKSDPHIKLQLQAEERGV SIKGVCANRYLAMKEDGRLLASKCVTDECFERLESNNYNTYRSRKYTSWYVALKRTGQYKLGSKTGPGQ KAILFLPMSAKS with polyhistidine tag at the N-terminus. |
| Tag: | His Tag (N-term) |
| Predicted MW: | The protein has a calculated MW of 18.1 kDa. The protein migrates as 17 kDa under reducing condition (SDS-PAGE analysis). |
| Purity: | >98% as determined by SDS-PAGE. |
| Buffer: | The protein was lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution containing 0.01% sarkosyl in 1X PBS, pH 8.0. |
| Bioactivity: | Measure by its ability to induce 3T3 cells proliferation. The ED ₅₀ for this effect is <1 ng/mL. The specific activity of recombinant human FGF-2 is approximately >5 x 10 ⁵ IU/mg. |
| Endotoxin: | <0.1 EU per 1 μ g of the protein by the LAL method. |
| Reconstitution Method: | Centrifuge at 3000 rpm for 5 mins before opening. It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized protein in sterile H ₂ O to a concentration not less than 100 μ g/mL and incubate the stock solution at room temperature for at least 20 mins to ensure sufficient re-dissolved. Do Not Vortex! Vigorous shaking may impair the biological activity of the protein. |
| Applications: | Cell culture |
| Storage: | Lyophilized protein should be stored at -20°C for 1 year. Upon reconstitution, store at 2°C to 8°C for up to 1 week. Further dilute in a buffer containing a carrier protein or stabilizer (e.g. 0.1% BSA, 10%FBS, 5%HSA or 5% trehalose solution), protein aliquots should be stored at -20°C or -80°C for 3-6 months. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. |
| UniProt ID: | P09038 |
| Synonyms: | HBGF-2, Prostatropin |



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Summary:

Basic fibroblast Growth Factors (FGF-2, bFGF, FGF- β), a 18 kDa pleiotropic cytokine, plays multiple roles in different cells and tissues. FGF-2 can stimulate smooth muscle cell growth, wound healing, and tissue repair. In addition, FGF-2 has been shown to regulate the generation of neurons and astrocytes from progenitor cells. FGF-2 are also involved in a variety of biological processes, including embryonic development, morphogenesis, tissue repair, tumor growth, and invasion. As a multifunctional cytokine, FGF-2 is first isolated from the pituitary. Later, it was identified from various cell types including cardiac myocytes, cardiac fibroblasts, endothelial cells, and smooth muscle cells.

Product images:

SDS- PAGE analysis of recombinant human FGF-2