

Product datasheet for **TP728181L**

Recombinant CXCL5 (C-X-C motif chemokine 5), Human

Product data:

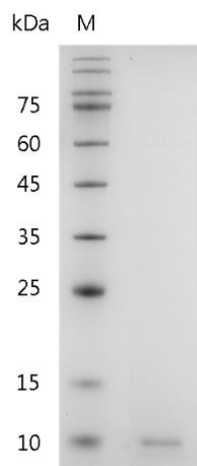
Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant CXCL5 (C-X-C motif chemokine 5), Human
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	RELRCVCLQTTQGVHPKMISNLQVFAIGPQCSKVEVVASLKNGKEICLDPEAPFLKKVIQKILDGGNKEN with polyhistidine tag at the N-terminus.
Tag:	His Tag (N-term)
Predicted MW:	The protein has a calculated MW of 8.51 kDa. The protein migrates as 12 kDa under reducing condition (SDS-PAGE analysis).
Purity:	>98% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Buffer:	The protein was lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution containing 1X PBS, pH 7.4.
Bioactivity:	Measure by its ability to chemoattract BaF3 cells transfected with human CXCR2. The ED ₅₀ for this effect is <10 ng/mL.
Endotoxin:	<0.1 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method.
Reconstitution Method:	Centrifuge at 3000 rpm for 5 mins before opening. It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized protein in sterile H ₂ O to a concentration not less than 100 µg/mL and incubate the stock solution at room temperature for at least 20 mins to ensure sufficient re-dissolved. Do Not Vortex! Vigorous shaking may impair the biological activity of the protein.
Applications:	Cell culture
Storage:	Lyophilized protein should be stored at -20°C for 1 year. Upon reconstitution, store at 2°C to 8°C for up to 1 week. Further dilute in a buffer containing a carrier protein or stabilizer (e.g. 0.1% BSA, 10%FBS, 5%HSA or 5% trehalose solution), protein aliquots should be stored at -20°C or -80°C for 3-6 months. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
UniProt ID:	P42830
Synonyms:	Epithelial Neutrophil Activating Peptide-78, ENA-78



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Summary:

C-X-C motif chemokine 5 (CXCL5) also named epithelial-derived neutrophil-activating peptide 78 (ENA-78), which is a chemokine of the intercrine alpha family. CXCL5 is a 8kDa protein containing 70 amino acid residues. CXCL5 is stimulated by the IL-1 or TNF α during inflammation which produced by the eosinophils and CXCL5 is inhibited by the IFN γ . CXCL5 promotes the formation of blood vessels and angiogenesis by binding the cell receptor CXCR2.

Product images:


SDS- PAGE analysis of recombinant human CXCL5