

Product datasheet for **TP728164L**

Recombinant BMP-9 (Bone morphogenetic protein-9), Human

Product data:

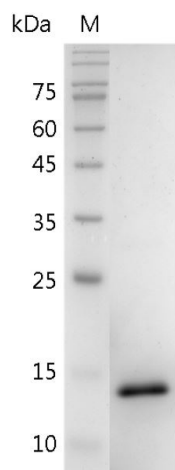
Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant BMP-9 (Bone morphogenetic protein-9), Human
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	SAGAGSHCQKTSLRVNFEDIGWDSWIIAPKEYEAYECKGGCFFPLADDVTPTKHAIVQTLVHLKFPTKVGK ACCVPTKLSPISVLYKDDMGVPTLKYHYEGMSVAECGCR with polyhistidine tag at the N-terminus.
Tag:	His Tag (N-term)
Predicted MW:	The protein has a calculated MW of 12.89 kDa. The protein migrates as 16 kDa under reducing condition (SDS-PAGE analysis).
Purity:	>98% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Buffer:	The protein was lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution containing 20 mM sodium citrate, 0.2 M NaCl, pH 3.5.
Bioactivity:	Measure by its ability to induce alkaline phosphatase production by ATDC5 cells. The ED ₅₀ for this effect is <0.4 ng/mL.
Endotoxin:	<0.01 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method.
Reconstitution Method:	Centrifuge at 3000 rpm for 5 mins before opening. It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized protein in sterile H ₂ O to a concentration not less than 100 µg/mL and incubate the stock solution at room temperature for at least 20 mins to ensure sufficient re-dissolved. Do Not Vortex! Vigorous shaking may impair the biological activity of the protein.
Applications:	Cell culture
Storage:	Lyophilized protein should be stored at -20°C for 1 year. Upon reconstitution, store at 2°C to 8°C for up to 1 week. Further dilute in a buffer containing a carrier protein or stabilizer (e.g. 0.1% BSA, 10%FBS, 5%HSA or 5% trehalose solution), protein aliquots should be stored at -20°C or -80°C for 3-6 months. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
UniProt ID:	Q9UK05
Synonyms:	NAP-1



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Summary:

Bone Morphogenetic Protein-9 (BMP-9), known as Growth differentiation factor 2 (GDF2), is an extracellular multifunctional cytokine that is also a member of the TGF- β family. BMP-8B can bind with the TGF- β receptor and trigger SMAD protein signal transduction. BMP-9 is the most effective for the differentiation of osteoblasts in vivo, and the general BMP blocker does not affect it.

Product images:

SDS- PAGE analysis of recombinant human BMP-9