

## Product datasheet for TP728004

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## **NGAL (LCN2) Human Recombinant Protein**

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Recombinant Human NGAL/Lipocalin-2/LCN2 (C-6His, Human Cells)

Species: Human

**Expression cDNA Clone** 

or AA Sequence:

Gln21-Gly198

Tag: C-His

**Buffer:** Supplied as a 0.2 um filtered solution of PBS, 50% Glycerol, pH 7.4.

Note: Recombinant Human Neutrophil gelatinase-associated lipocalin is produced by our

Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Gln21-Gly198 is expressed with

a 6His tag at the C-terminus.

Storage: Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

**Stability:** 12 months from date of despatch

**Locus ID:** 3934 **UniProt ID:** P80188

Synonyms: Neutrophil gelatinase-associated lipocalin; NGAL; 25 kDa alpha-2-microglobulin-related

subunit of MMP-9; Lipocalin-2; Oncogene 24p3; Siderocalin LCN2; p25; HNL; NGAL

Summary: LCN2 is iron-trafficking protein involved in multiple processes such as apoptosis, innate

immunity and renal development. LCN2 binds iron through association with 2,5-

dihydroxybenzoic acid (2,5-DHBA), a siderophore that shares structural similarities with bacterial enterobactin, and delivers or removes iron from the cell, depending on the context.

LCN2 is involved in apoptosis due to interleukin-3 (IL3) deprivation: iron-loaded form

increases intracellular iron concentration without promoting apoptosis, while iron-free form

decreases intracellular iron levels, inducing expression of the proapoptotic protein BCL2L11/BIM, resulting in apoptosis. LCN2 is involved in innate immunity, possibly by

sequestrating iron, leading to limit bacterial growth.

**Protein Families:** Secreted Protein

