

## Product datasheet for **TP727868**

### Human Recombinant Protein

#### Product data:

<b>Product Type:</b>	Recombinant Proteins
<b>Description:</b>	Recombinant Human CD96 (C-mFc)
<b>Species:</b>	Human
<b>Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:</b>	Val22-Met503
<b>Tag:</b>	C-mFc
<b>Buffer:</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 um filtered solution of PBS,pH7.4.
<b>Note:</b>	Recombinant Human T-cell Surface Protein Tactile is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Val22-Met503 is expressed with a mFc tag at the C-terminus.
<b>Storage:</b>	Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
<b>Stability:</b>	12 months from date of despatch
<b>Synonyms:</b>	T-cell surface protein tactile; Cell surface antigen CD96; T cell-activated increased late expression protein; CD96
<b>Summary:</b>	The cluster of differentiation (CD) system is commonly used as cell markers in immunophenotyping. Different kinds of cells in the immune system can be identified through the surface CD molecules which associating with the immune function of the cell. The CD155 ligand CD96 is a member of the Ig superfamily. It's a immunoglobulin-like protein tentatively allocated to the repertoire of human NK receptors. NK cells recognize poliovirus receptor (PVR), anectins and nectin-like protein family member serve to mediate cell-cell adhesion, cell migration, with the presence of an additional receptor, CD96. CD96 promotes NK cell adhesion to target cells expressing PVR, stimulates cytotoxicity of activated NK cells, and mediates acquisition of PVR from target cells.



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