

## **Product datasheet for TP727845**

## **B7-1 (CD80) Human Recombinant Protein**

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Recombinant Human B7-1/CD80 (C-mFC)

Species: Human

**Expression cDNA Clone** 

or AA Sequence:

Val35-Leu242

Tag: C-mFc

**Buffer:** Lyophilized from a 0.2 um filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

**Note:** Recombinant Human Activation B7-1 Antigen is produced by our Mammalian expression

system and the target gene encoding Val35-Leu242 is expressed with a mFc tag at the C-

terminus.

Storage: Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3

weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Stability:** 12 months from date of despatch

Locus ID: 941

UniProt ID: P33681

Synonyms: CD80; Activation B7-1 antigen; B7; BB1; CD28LG1; CD28LGB7-1 antigen; T-lymphocyte

activation antigen CD80

Summary: Cluster of Differentiation 80, also called B7-1, is a member of cell surface immunoglobulin

superfamily which plays key, yet distinct roles in the activation of T cells. It is the ligand for two different proteins on the T cell surface: CD28 and CTLA-4. Studies have shown that CTLA-4 binds mostly to CD80. The structure presents two extracellular domains: a membrane distal variable-like domain (IgV) and a membrane proximal Ig constant-like domain (IgC) along with an intracellular domain. Both IgV and IgC consist of anti-parallel beta sandwiches joined by a short linker region. CD80 is mostly expressed on the surface of antigen-presenting cells

including activated B cells, macrophages and dendritic cells.

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors, Transmembrane



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**Protein Pathways:** 

Allograft rejection, Autoimmune thyroid disease, Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs), Graftversus-host disease, Systemic lupus erythematosus, Toll-like receptor signaling pathway, Type I diabetes mellitus, Viral myocarditis