

Product datasheet for TP727625

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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IL36 alpha (IL36A) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant Human IL-36a

Species: Human

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

Lys6-Phe158

Buffer: Lyophilized from a 0.2 um filtered solution of 50mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, pH8.0,1 mM

EDTA, 0.02% Tween 20.

Note: Recombinant Human Interleukin-36 alpha is produced by our E.coli expression system and

the target gene encoding Lys6-Phe158 is expressed.

Storage: Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3

weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Stability: 12 months from date of despatch

Locus ID: 27179
UniProt ID: Q9UHA7

Synonyms: Interleukin-36 Alpha; FIL1 Epsilon; Interleukin-1 Epsilon; IL-1 Epsilon; Interleukin-1 Family

Member 6; IL-1F6; IL36A; FIL1E; IL1F6

Summary: Human Interleukin-36α (IL-36α) is a secreted cytokine that belongs to the Interleukin 1

cytokine family. IL-36 \hat{l} ± is expressed in the immune system and the fetal brain, but not in other tissues or multiple hematopoietic cell lines. IL-36 \hat{l} ± is the only IL-1 family member found to be expressed on T-cells. IL-36 \hat{l} ± and IL-1F8 are involved in the regulation of adipose tissue gene expression. Importantly, IL-36 \hat{l} ± inhibits PPAR \hat{l} 3 expression, which may lead to a

reduction in adipocyte differentiation suggesting metabolic effects of this cytokine. IL-36α, along with IL-1F8 and IL-1F9, has been shown to act as an agonist by activating the pathway involving NFΰB and MAPK in an IL-1Rrp2 dependent manner. This suggest that IL-36α may signal in a similar fashion to IL-1 and IL-18 in having a binding receptor which upon ligation, recruits a second receptor as a signaling component, forming an active heterodimeric

receptor complex.

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein

