

## **Product datasheet for TP727582**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## **FGF10 Human Recombinant Protein**

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Recombinant Human Fibroblast growth factor 10/FGF10

Species: Human

**Expression cDNA Clone** 

or AA Sequence:

Gln38-Ser208

Buffer: Lyophilized from a 0.2 um filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 200mM NaCl, pH 8.0.

Note: Recombinant Human Fibroblast Growth Factor 10 is produced by our E.coli expression

system and the target gene encoding Gln38-Ser208 is expressed.

Storage: Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3

weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Stability:** 12 months from date of despatch

Locus ID: 2255
UniProt ID: 015520

**Synonyms:** Fibroblast growth factor 10;FGF-10;Keratinocyte growth factor 2;FGF10;KGF-2;KGF2

**Summary:** Fibroblast growth factor 10 (FGF-10, KGF-2), is a member of the fibroblast growth factor (FGF)

family that includes FGF-3, -7, and -22. KGF-2 is secreted by mesenchymal cells and associates with extracellular FGF-BP. It preferentially binds and activates epithelial cell FGFR2 and interacts more weakly with FGFR1. It plays an important role in the regulation of embryonic development, cell proliferation and cell differentiation. It exhibits mitogenic activity for keratinizing epidermal cells, but essentially no activity for fibroblasts, which is similar to the biological activity of FGF7. FGF10 is required for normal branching morphogenesis. Defects in FGF10 are the cause of autosomal dominant aplasia of lacrimal and salivary glands (ALSG). ALSG has variable expressivity, and affected individuals may have aplasia or hypoplasia of the lacrimal, parotid, submandibular and sublingual glands and absence of the lacrimal puncta. The disorder is characterized by irritable eyes, recurrent eye infections, epiphora (constant tearing) and xerostomia (dryness of the mouth), which increases the risk of dental erosion,

dental caries, periodontal disease and oral infections.

Protein Families: Adult stem cells, Druggable Genome, Embryonic stem cells, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS,

Secreted Protein, Transcription Factors, Transmembrane







**Protein Pathways:** 

MAPK signaling pathway, Melanoma, Pathways in cancer, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton