

## **Product datasheet for TP727566**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## **CTLA4 Human Recombinant Protein**

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Recombinant Human Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte Protein 4 (C-GST)

Species: Human

**Expression cDNA Clone** 

or AA Sequence:

Lys36-Asp161

Tag: C-GST

**Buffer:** Lyophilized from a 0.2 um filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

**Note:** Recombinant Human Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte Protein 4 is produced by our Mammalian

expression system and the target gene encoding Lys36-Asp161 is expressed with a GST tag at

the C-terminus.

**Stability:** 12 months from date of despatch

**Locus ID:** 1493 **UniProt ID:** P16410

Summary: Cytotoxic Tlymphocyte 4(CTLA-4,CD152), is a type I transmembrane T cell inhibitory molecule

that is a member of the Ig superfamily. Human or mouse CTLA4 cDNA encodes 223 amino acids (aa) including a 35 aa signal sequence, a 126 aa extracellular domain (ECD) with one Iglike V-type domain, a 21 aa transmembrane (TM) sequence, and a 41 aa cytoplasmic sequence. It is widely expressed with highest levels in lymphoid tissues. CD28 and CTLA-4, together with their ligands, B7-1 and B7-2, constitute one of the dominant costimulatory pathways that regulate T and B cell responses. CD28 and CTLA-4 are structurally homologous molecules that are members of the immunoglobulin (Ig) gene superfamily. CTLA4 transmits an inhibitory signal to T cells, whereas CD28 transmits a stimulatory signal. Intracellular CTLA4 is also found in regulatory T Cells and may play an important role in their functions.

Tcell activation through the Tcell receptor and CD28 leads to increased expression of CTLA4.