

Product datasheet for **TP727212**

Factor IX (F9) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant Human Coagulation Factor IX/F9 (C-6His)
Species:	Human
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	Thr29-Thr461
Tag:	C-His
Buffer:	Supplied as a 0.2 um filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, 10% Glycerol, pH 8.0.
Note:	Recombinant Human Coagulation factor IX is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Thr29-Thr461 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Stability:	12 months from date of despatch
Locus ID:	2158
UniProt ID:	P00740
Summary:	Coagulation factor IX (F9), is a member of the peptidase S1 family. It contains two EGF-like domains, a Gla domain and a peptidase S1 domain. It is primarily expressed in the liver and secreted in plasma. Factor IX is a vitamin K-dependent plasma protein that participates in the intrinsic pathway of blood coagulation by converting factor X to its active form in the presence of Ca ²⁺ ions, phospholipids, and factor VIIIa. Mutations in position 43 and 46 prevents cleavage of the propeptide, mutation in position 93 probably fails to bind to cell membranes, mutation in position 191 or in position 226 prevent cleavage of the activation peptide. Mutations of human F9 can result in thrombophilia and recessive X-linked hemophilia B (HEMB). An X-linked blood coagulation disorder characterized by a permanent tendency to hemorrhage, due to factor IX deficiency. It is phenotypically similar to hemophilia A, but patients present with fewer symptoms. Many patients are asymptomatic until the hemostatic system is stressed by surgery or trauma.



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