

Product datasheet for TP726756

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CD57 (B3GAT1) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant Human B3GAT1 (N-6His)

Species: Human

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

His25-Ile334

Tag: N-6His

Buffer: Lyophilized from a 0.2 um filtered solution of 20mM Tris HCl, 150mM NaCl, pH8.0.

Note: Recombinant Human Galactosylgalactosylxylosylprotein 3-beta-glucuronosyltransferase 1 is

produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding His25-Ile334 is

expressed with a 6His tag at the N-terminus.

Storage: Lyophilized protein should be stored at \leq -20°C, stable for one year after receipt.

Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 2-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted

samples are stable at ≤ -20°C for 3 months.

Stability: 12 months from date of despatch

Locus ID: 27087

UniProt ID: Q9P2W7

Synonyms: B3GAT1; beta-1,3-glucuronyltransferase 1 (glucuronosyltransferase P); CD57; GlcAT-P; HNK1;

NK1; NK-1





Summary:

B3GAT1 is the key enzyme during the biosynthesis of the carbohydrate epitope HNK-1, which is present on a number of cell adhesion molecules important in neurodevelopment. It adds a glucuronic residue to the terminal lactosamine residue (Gal beta 14GlcNAc) of a glycoprotein or glycolipid, which can be further sulfated to become the HNK1 epitope, a unique trisaccharide structure, HSO3-3GlcA beta 1-3Gal beta 1-4GlcNAc. The enzyme activity was found to be enhanced in the presence of sphingomyelin and phosphatidylinositol. The HNK1 carbohydrate epitope is characteristically expressed on a series of cell adhesion molecules in addition to some glycolipids in the extracellular matrix and on the cell surface in the nervous system, where it is involved in cell-cell and cell-substratum interaction and recognition during the development of the nervous system. Like most known glycosyltransferases, B3GAT1 is a type II Golgi-resident transmembrane protein with a short N-terminal cytoplasmic domain and a single pass transmembrane domain followed by an enzymatic domain in the lumen of Golgi apparatus. The enzyme activity was assayed using a phosphatase-coupled method.

Protein Families: Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Chondroitin sulfate biosynthesis, Heparan sulfate biosynthesis, Metabolic pathways