

Product datasheet for TP726700

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Pvr Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant Mouse PVR (C-mlgG2AFc)

Species: Mouse

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

Asp29-Leu348

Tag: C-mlgG2AFc

Buffer: Lyophilized from a 0.2 um filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4.

Note: Recombinant Mouse Poliovirus Receptor is produced by our Mammalian expression system

and the target gene encoding Asp29-Leu348 is expressed with a mlgG2AFc tag at the C-

terminus.

Stability: 12 months from date of despatch

RefSeq: NP 081790

Locus ID: 52118 **UniProt ID:** Q8K094

Summary: Mouse poliovirus receptor (PVR, CD155) is a type I transmembrane (TM) glycoprotein that is a

member of the nectin-related family of adhesion proteins within the immunoglobulin

superfamily. It binds other molecules including vitronectin, Nectin3, DNAM1, CD96, and TIGIT,

but does not bind homotypically. CD155 includes a 28 aa signal sequence, a 318 aa

extracellular domain (ECD) with one N-terminal V-type and two C2-type Ig-like domains, a 24 aa TM segment and a 38 aa cytoplasmic tail. Epithelial, endothelial, and many immune cells show low CD155 expression. It is up-regulated on endothelia by IFNÎ³, and is highly expressed

on immature thymocytes, lymph node dendritic cells, and tumor cells of epithelial and neuronal origin. On migrating cells, it is concentrated at the leading edge, where it binds basement membrane vitronectin, recruits Nectin-3-expressing cells, and cooperates with PDGF and integrin $\hat{1}\pm v\hat{1}^2$ 3 to promote cell migration. Binding of monocyte DNAM-1 to

endothelial cell CD155 promotes transendothelial migration. Enhanced CD155 expression in tumor cells contributes to loss of contact inhibition and increased migration, but also allows

tumor cell recognition and killing by DNAM-1or CD96 expressing NK cells.

