

## Product datasheet for TP726638

## TGF beta 1 (TGFB1) Human Recombinant Protein

**Product data:** 

**Product Type: Recombinant Proteins** 

**Description:** Recombinant Human LAP (TGF-beta 1)

Species: Human

**Expression cDNA Clone** 

or AA Sequence:

Leu30-Arg278(Cys33Ser)

**Buffer:** Lyophilized from a 0.2 um filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4.

Recombinant Human Transforming Growth Factor beta 1 is produced by our Mammalian Note:

expression system and the target gene encoding Leu30-Arg278(Cys33Ser) is expressed.

Stability: 12 months from date of despatch

Locus ID: 7040 **UniProt ID:** P01137

Transforming Growth Factor Î<sup>2</sup>-1 (TGFÎ<sup>2</sup>-1) is a secreted protein which belongs to the TGF-Î<sup>2</sup> Summary:

family. TGFÎ<sup>2</sup>-1 is abundantly expressed in bone, articular cartilage and chondrocytes and is increased in osteoarthritis (OA). TGFÎ<sup>2</sup>-1 performs many cellular functions, including the control of cell growth, cell proliferation, cell differentiation and apoptosis. The precursor is cleaved into a latency-associated peptide (LAP) and a mature TGFÎ<sup>2</sup>-1 peptide.Disulfide-linked homodimers of LAP and TGF-beta 1 remain non-covalently associated after secretion,

forming the small latent TGF-beta 1 complex. Purified LAP is also capable of associating with active TGF-beta with high affinity, and can neutralize TGF-beta activity. Covalent linkage of LAP to one of three latent TGF-beta binding proteins (LTBPs) creates a large latent complex that may interact with the extracellular matrix. TGF-beta activation from latency is controlled both spatially and temporally, by multiple pathways that include actions of proteases such as plasmin and MMP9, and/or by thrombospondin 1 or selected integrins. Although different isoforms of TGF-beta are naturally associated with their own distinct LAPs, the TGF-beta 1 LAP is capable of complexing with, and inactivating, all other human TGF-beta isoforms and those of most other species. Mutations within the LAP are associated with Camurati-Engelmann disease, a rare sclerosing bone dysplasia characterized by inappropriate presence of active

TGF-beta 1.



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