

## **Product datasheet for TP726149**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## **Enkephalin (PENK) Human Recombinant Protein**

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Recombinant Human Proenkephalin-A (C-6His)

Species: Human

**Expression cDNA Clone** 

or AA Sequence:

Glu25-Phe267

Tag: C-His

Buffer: Lyophilized from a 0.2 um filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl,pH7.4, 5% trehalose,

0.05%Tween80

**Note:** Recombinant Human Proenkephalin-A is produced by our Mammalian expression system and

the target gene encoding Glu25-Phe267 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.

**Stability:** 12 months from date of despatch

**Locus ID:** 5179 **UniProt ID:** P01210

Synonyms: Proenkephalin-A; Synenkephalin; Met-Enkephalin; Leu-Enkephalin; PENK

**Summary:** Proenkephalin-A is a secreted protein that belongs to the opioid neuropeptide precursor

family. Proenkephalin-A is an endogenous opioid polypeptide hormone which, via proteolyic

cleavage, produces the enkephalin peptides [Met]enkephalin, and to a lesser extent, [Leu]enkephalin. Met- and Leu-enkephalins compete with and mimic the effects of opiate drugs. They play a role in a number of physiologic functions, including pain perception and responses to stress. Proenkephalin-A (114-133) and Proenkephalin-A (237-258) increase glutamate release in the striatum. Proenkephalin-A (114-133) decreases GABA concentration

in the striatum.

**Protein Families:** Secreted Protein

