

## Product datasheet for **TP724457**

### Human AZU1 Protein, His Tag

#### Product data:

<b>Product Type:</b>	Recombinant Proteins
<b>Description:</b>	Human AZU1 Protein, His Tag
<b>Expression Host:</b>	HEK293
<b>Tag:</b>	C-6×His
<b>Predicted MW:</b>	The protein has a predicted molecular mass of 24.9 kDa after removal of the signal peptide. The apparent molecular mass of AZU1-His is approximately 35-55 kDa due to glycosylation.
<b>Purity:</b>	The purity of the protein is greater than 85% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining.
<b>Reconstitution Method:</b>	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization.
<b>Storage:</b>	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
<b>Stability:</b>	12 months from date of despatch
<b>Summary:</b>	Azurophil granules, specialized lysosomes of the neutrophil, contain at least 10 proteins implicated in the killing of microorganisms. This gene encodes a preproprotein that is proteolytically processed to generate a mature azurophil granule antibiotic protein, with monocyte chemotactic and antimicrobial activity. It is also an important multifunctional inflammatory mediator. This encoded protein is a member of the serine protease gene family but it is not a serine proteinase, because the active site serine and histidine residues are replaced. The genes encoding this protein, neutrophil elastase 2, and proteinase 3 are in a cluster located at chromosome 19pter. All 3 genes are expressed coordinately and their protein products are packaged together into azurophil granules during neutrophil differentiation. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2015]



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