

Product datasheet for **TP724251**

Cynomolgus IL18BP Protein, hFc Tag

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Cynomolgus IL18BP Protein, hFc Tag
Expression Host:	HEK293
Tag:	C-Human Fc
Predicted MW:	The protein has a predicted molecular mass of 45.4 kDa after removal of the signal peptide. The apparent molecular mass of cIL18BP-hFc is approximately 55-70 kDa due to glycosylation.
Purity:	The purity of the protein is greater than 95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining.
Reconstitution Method:	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization.
Storage:	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
Stability:	12 months from date of despatch
Synonyms:	IL18BP, IL18BPα, Tadekinig-alfa
Summary:	Interleukin-18-binding protein (IL-18BP) is a constitutively expressed and secreted protein. IL-18BP is a cytokine receptor that belongs to the interleukin 1 receptor family. This receptor specifically binds interleukin 18 (IL18) and is essential for IL18 mediated signal transduction. IFN-α and IL12 are reported to induce the expression of this receptor in NK and T cells. This gene along with four other members of the interleukin 1 receptor family, including IL1R2, IL1R1, ILRL2 (IL-1Rrp2), and IL1RL1 (T1/ST2), form a gene cluster on chromosome 2q. The adjacently located family members IL18 Receptor 1 (IL18R1) and IL18 receptor accessory protein (IL18RAP) may also be important in the development of asthma and atopy. IL-18 binding protein (IL-18BP) was only moderately elevated, resulting in a high level of biologically active free IL-18 in HPS. A severe IL-18/IL-18BP imbalance results in Th-1 lymphocyte and macrophage activation, which escapes control by NK-cell cytotoxicity and may allow for secondary HPS in patients with underlying diseases.


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