

Product datasheet for TP723850

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

IL2 (NM_000586) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Purified recombinant protein of Human interleukin 2 (IL2)

Species: Human

Expression Host: Sf9

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

Human IL-2, the region of Ala21-Thr153, from gene Accession# NM_000586

Tag:Tag FreePredicted MW:15.4 kDaConcentration:lot specific

Purity: Purity is >95%, as determined by Coomassie stained SDS-PAGE.

Buffer: 0.22 μm filtered protein solution is in 0.1% TFA, 10% - 30% acetonitrile

Bioactivity: The ED50 is 0.5 - 2.0 ng/ml, corresponding to a specific activity of 0.5 - 2.0x10^6 units/mg,

determined by the dose dependent stimulation of CTLL2 cell proliferation.

Endotoxin: Less than 0.01 ng per µg protein as determined by the LAL method

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Unopened vial can be stored between 2°C and 8°C for up to 2 weeks, at -20°C for up to 6

months, or at -70°C or below until the expiration date. Aliquots can be stored between 2°C and 8°C for up to one week and stored at -20°C or colder for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 000577

 Locus ID:
 3558

 UniProt ID:
 P60568

 RefSeq Size:
 822

Cytogenetics: 4q27 RefSeq ORF: 459

Synonyms: IL-2; lymphokine; TCGF





Summary:

This gene is a member of the interleukin 2 (IL2) cytokine subfamily which includes IL4, IL7, IL9, IL15, IL21, erythropoietin, and thrombopoietin. The protein encoded by this gene is a secreted cytokine produced by activated CD4+ and CD8+ T lymphocytes, that is important for the proliferation of T and B lymphocytes. The receptor of this cytokine (IL2R) is a heterotrimeric protein complex whose gamma chain is also shared by IL4 and IL7. The expression of this gene in mature thymocytes is monoallelic, which represents an unusual regulatory mode for controlling the precise expression of a single gene. The targeted disruption of a similar gene in mice leads to ulcerative colitis-like disease, which suggests an essential role of this gene in the immune response to antigenic stimuli. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2020]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein

Protein Pathways: Allograft rejection, Autoimmune thyroid disease, Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction,

Graft-versus-host disease, Jak-STAT signaling pathway, T cell receptor signaling pathway, Type

I diabetes mellitus