

# **Product datasheet for TP723196**

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## IL16 (NM\_004513) Human Recombinant Protein

#### **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Purified recombinant protein of Human interleukin 16 (lymphocyte chemoattractant factor)

(IL16), transcript variant 1.

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

**Expression cDNA Clone** 

or AA Sequence:

SAASASAASD VSVESTAEAT VCTVTLEKMS AGLGFSLEGG KGSLHGDKPL TINRIFKGAA SEQSETVQPG DEILQLGGTA MQGLTRFEAW NIIKALPDGP VTIVIRRKSL QSKETTAAGD S

Tag: Tag Free

Predicted MW: 12.4 kDa

Concentration: lot specific

**Purity:** >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: Lyophilized from a 0.2 μM filtered solution of 20mM phosphate buffer,100mM NaCl, pH 7.2

**Bioactivity:** Determined by its ability of chemoattract human CD4+ T-Lymphocytes using a concentration

range of 50.0-100.0 ng/ml.

Endotoxin: Endotoxin level is < 0.1 ng/µg of protein (< 1 EU/µg)

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for at least 6 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling

conditions.

**RefSeq:** NP 004504

Locus ID: 3603 UniProt ID: <u>Q14005</u>

RefSeq Size: 6193

Cytogenetics: 15q25.1

RefSeq ORF: 1893

Synonyms: LCF; NIL16; prlL-16; PRIL16





**Summary:** 

The protein encoded by this gene is a pleiotropic cytokine that functions as a chemoattractant, a modulator of T cell activation, and an inhibitor of HIV replication. The signaling process of this cytokine is mediated by CD4. The product of this gene undergoes proteolytic processing, which is found to yield two functional proteins. The cytokine function is exclusively attributed to the secreted C-terminal peptide, while the N-terminal product may play a role in cell cycle control. Caspase 3 is reported to be involved in the proteolytic processing of this protein. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2010]

**Protein Families:** 

Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein

## **Product images:**

