

Product datasheet for TP721230XL

CTLA4 (NM_005214) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Human cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated protein 4 (CTLA4), transcript variant 1
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	Lys36-Asp161
Tag:	C-Fc
Predicted MW:	41.5 kDa
Concentration:	lot specific
Purity:	>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	Provided lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl
Endotoxin:	Endotoxin level is < 0.1 ng/μg of protein (< 1 EU/μg)
Reconstitution Method:	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in ddH2O. It is not recommended to reconstitute a concentration less than 100 µg/ml. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for at least 6 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling conditions.
RefSeq:	<u>NP 005205</u>
Locus ID:	1493
UniProt ID:	<u>P16410</u>
RefSeq Size:	1997
Cytogenetics:	2q33.2
RefSeq ORF:	669
Synonyms:	ALPS5; CD; CD152; CELIAC3; CTLA-4; GRD4; GSE; IDDM12



This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2023 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US

	CTLA4 (NM_005214) Human Recombinant Protein – TP721230XL
Summary:	This gene is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily and encodes a protein which transmits an inhibitory signal to T cells. The protein contains a V domain, a transmembrane domain, and a cytoplasmic tail. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different isoforms, have been characterized. The membrane-bound isoform functions as a homodimer interconnected by a disulfide bond, while the soluble isoform functions as a monomer. Mutations in this gene have been associated with insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, Graves disease, Hashimoto thyroiditis, celiac disease, systemic lupus erythematosus, thyroid- associated orbitopathy, and other autoimmune diseases. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
Protein Pathway	s: Autoimmune thyroid disease, Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs), T cell receptor signaling pathway

This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2023 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US