

Product datasheet for **TP721115XL**

PSG3 (NM_021016) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

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|---------------------------------------|---|
| Product Type: | Recombinant Proteins |
| Description: | Purified recombinant protein of Human pregnancy specific beta-1-glycoprotein 3 (PSG3) |
| Species: | Human |
| Expression Host: | HEK293 |
| Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence: | Gln35-Leu428 |
| Tag: | C-His |
| Predicted MW: | 45.2 kDa |
| Concentration: | lot specific |
| Purity: | >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining |
| Buffer: | Lyophilized from a 0.2 um filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.4. |
| Endotoxin: | Endotoxin level is < 0.1 ng/μg of protein (< 1 EU/μg) |
| Reconstitution Method: | Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in ddH ₂ O. It is not recommended to reconstitute a concentration less than 100 μg/ml. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Storage: | Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months. |
| Stability: | Stable for at least 6 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling conditions. |
| RefSeq: | NP_066296 |
| Locus ID: | 5671 |
| UniProt ID: | Q16557 |
| RefSeq Size: | 1922 |
| Cytogenetics: | 19q13.2 |
| RefSeq ORF: | 1284 |



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Summary:

The human pregnancy-specific glycoproteins (PSGs) are a family of proteins that are synthesized in large amounts by placental trophoblasts and released into the maternal circulation during pregnancy. Molecular cloning and analysis of several PSG genes has indicated that the PSGs form a subgroup of the carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA) gene family, which belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily of genes. Members of the CEA family consist of a single N domain, with structural similarity to the immunoglobulin variable domains, followed by a variable number of immunoglobulin constant-like A and/or B domains. Most PSGs have an arg-gly-asp (RGD) motif, which has been shown to function as an adhesion recognition signal for several integrins, in the N-terminal domain (summary by Teglund et al., 1994 [PubMed 7851896]). For additional general information about the PSG gene family, see PSG1 (MIM 176390).[supplied by OMIM, Oct 2009]

Protein Families:

Secreted Protein