

Product datasheet for TP721108M

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

IL21 Receptor (IL21R) (NM 181078) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Purified recombinant protein of Human interleukin 21 receptor (IL21R), transcript variant 2

Species: Human **HEK293 Expression Host:**

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

C-6His Tag:

Predicted MW: 26 kDa

Concentration: lot specific

Purity: >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: Lyophilized from a 0.2 um filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, pH7.4

Endotoxin: Endotoxin level is < 0.1 ng/µg of protein (< 1 EU/µg)

Cys20-Pro236

Reconstitution Method: Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. Dissolve the

> lyophilized protein in ddH2O. It is not recommended to reconstitute a concentration less than 100 µg/ml. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3 Storage:

weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-5 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Stability: Stable for at least 6 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling

conditions.

RefSeq: NP 851564

Locus ID: 50615 **UniProt ID:** Q9HBE5 RefSeg Size: 4865 **Cytogenetics:** 16p12.1

RefSeq ORF: 1614

Synonyms: CD360; IMD56; NILR





ORIGENE

Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a cytokine receptor for interleukin 21 (IL21). It belongs to

the type I cytokine receptors, and has been shown to form a heterodimeric receptor complex

with the common gamma-chain, a receptor subunit also shared by the receptors for interleukin 2, 4, 7, 9, and 15. This receptor transduces the growth promoting signal of IL21, and is important for the proliferation and differentiation of T cells, B cells, and natural killer (NK) cells. The ligand binding of this receptor leads to the activation of multiple downstream signaling molecules, including JAK1, JAK3, STAT1, and STAT3. Knockout studies of a similar gene in mouse suggest a role for this gene in regulating immunoglobulin production. Three alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2010]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, Jak-STAT signaling pathway