

Product datasheet for **TP721072**

NrCAM (NM_005010) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Product Type: | Recombinant Proteins |
| Description: | Purified recombinant protein of Human neuronal cell adhesion molecule (NRCAM), transcript variant 2 |
| Species: | Human |
| Expression Host: | HEK293 |
| Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence: | Gln25-Asn600 |
| Tag: | C-Fc |
| Predicted MW: | 91.2 kDa |
| Concentration: | lot specific |
| Purity: | >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining |
| Buffer: | Lyophilized from a 0.2 um filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4. |
| Endotoxin: | Endotoxin level is < 0.1 ng/μg of protein (< 1 EU/μg) |
| Reconstitution Method: | Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in ddH ₂ O. It is not recommended to reconstitute a concentration less than 100 μg/ml. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Storage: | Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months. |
| Stability: | Stable for at least 6 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling conditions. |
| RefSeq: | NP_005001 |
| Locus ID: | 4897 |
| UniProt ID: | Q92823 |
| RefSeq Size: | 6322 |
| Cytogenetics: | 7q31.1 |
| RefSeq ORF: | 3549 |


[View online »](#)

Summary:

Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs) are members of the immunoglobulin superfamily. This gene encodes a neuronal cell adhesion molecule with multiple immunoglobulin-like C2-type domains and fibronectin type-III domains. This ankyrin-binding protein is involved in neuron-neuron adhesion and promotes directional signaling during axonal cone growth. This gene is also expressed in non-neural tissues and may play a general role in cell-cell communication via signaling from its intracellular domain to the actin cytoskeleton during directional cell migration. Allelic variants of this gene have been associated with autism and addiction vulnerability. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways:

Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs)