

Product datasheet for **TP721041L**

Neuraminidase (NEU1) (NM_000434) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Product Type: | Recombinant Proteins |
| Description: | Purified recombinant protein of Human sialidase 1 (lysosomal sialidase) (NEU1) |
| Species: | Human |
| Expression Host: | HEK293 |
| Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence: | Glu48-Leu415 |
| Tag: | C-His |
| Predicted MW: | 41.27 kDa |
| Purity: | >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining |
| Buffer: | Provided lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl |
| Endotoxin: | Endotoxin level is < 0.1 ng/µg of protein (< 1 EU/µg) |
| Storage: | Store at -80°C. |
| Stability: | Stable for at least 3 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling conditions. |
| RefSeq: | NP_000425 |
| Locus ID: | 4758 |
| UniProt ID: | Q99519 , Q5JQI0 |
| RefSeq Size: | 2088 |
| Cytogenetics: | 6p21.33 |
| RefSeq ORF: | 1245 |
| Synonyms: | NANH; NEU; SIAL1 |



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Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene is a lysosomal enzyme that cleaves terminal sialic acid residues from substrates such as glycoproteins and glycolipids. In the lysosome, this enzyme is part of a heterotrimeric complex together with beta-galactosidase and cathepsin A (the latter is also referred to as 'protective protein'). Mutations in this gene can lead to sialidosis, a lysosomal storage disease that can be type 1 (cherry red spot-myoclonus syndrome or normosomatic type), which is late-onset, or type 2 (the dysmorphic type), which occurs at an earlier age with increased severity. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways:

Lysosome, Other glycan degradation, Sphingolipid metabolism