

Product datasheet for TP720974L

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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STAT6 (NM_003153) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Purified recombinant protein of Human signal transducer and activator of transcription 6,

interleukin-4 induced (STAT6), transcript variant 2

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

Ser627-Ser837

Tag: C-His

Predicted MW: 23.9 kDa

Concentration: lot specific

Purity: >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: Provided lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl

Endotoxin: Endotoxin level is < 0.1 ng/μg of protein (< 1 EU/μg)

Reconstitution Method: Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. Dissolve the

lyophilized protein in ddH2O. It is not recommended to reconstitute a concentration less than 100 μ g/ml. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for at least 6 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling

conditions.

RefSeq: <u>NP 003144</u>

 Locus ID:
 6778

 UniProt ID:
 P42226

 RefSeq Size:
 4031

Cytogenetics: 12q13.3

RefSeq ORF: 2541

Synonyms: D12S1644; IL-4-STAT; STAT6B; STAT6C





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Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the STAT family of transcription factors. In response to cytokines and growth factors, STAT family members are phosphorylated by the receptor associated kinases, and then form homo- or heterodimers that translocate to the cell nucleus where they act as transcription activators. This protein plays a central role in exerting IL4 mediated biological responses. It is found to induce the expression of BCL2L1/BCL-X(L), which is responsible for the anti-apoptotic activity of IL4. Knockout studies in mice suggested the roles of this gene in differentiation of T helper 2 (Th2) cells, expression of cell surface markers, and class switch of immunoglobulins. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.[provided by RefSeq, May 2010]

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Stem cell relevant signaling - DSL/Notch pathway, Stem cell relevant signaling - JAK/STAT signaling pathway, Transcription Factors

Protein Pathways:

Jak-STAT signaling pathway