

## Product datasheet for **TP720952XL**

### DR6 (TNFRSF21) (NM\_014452) Human Recombinant Protein

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Human tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, member 21 (TNFRSF21)
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	Gln42-Leu350
Tag:	C-Fc
Predicted MW:	61.7 kDa
Concentration:	lot specific
Purity:	>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	Provided lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl
Endotoxin:	Endotoxin level is < 0.1 ng/µg of protein (< 1 EU/µg)
Reconstitution Method:	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in ddH <sub>2</sub> O. It is not recommended to reconstitute a concentration less than 100 µg/ml. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for at least 6 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling conditions.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NP_055267</a>
Locus ID:	27242
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">O75509</a> , <a href="#">A0A024RD71</a>
RefSeq Size:	3646
Cytogenetics:	6p12.3
RefSeq ORF:	1965
Synonyms:	BM-018; CD358; DR6



[View online »](#)

**Summary:**

This gene encodes a member of the tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily. The encoded protein activates nuclear factor kappa-B and mitogen-activated protein kinase 8 (also called c-Jun N-terminal kinase 1), and induces cell apoptosis. Through its death domain, the encoded receptor interacts with tumor necrosis factor receptor type 1-associated death domain (TRADD) protein, which is known to mediate signal transduction of tumor necrosis factor receptors. Knockout studies in mice suggest that this gene plays a role in T-helper cell activation, and may be involved in inflammation and immune regulation. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2013]

**Protein Families:**

Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

**Protein Pathways:**

Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction