

## Product datasheet for TP720904

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## **Eotaxin (CCL11) (NM 002986) Human Recombinant Protein**

**Product data:** 

**Product Type: Recombinant Proteins** 

Description: Purified recombinant protein of Human chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 11 (CCL11)

Species: Human E. coli **Expression Host:** 

**Expression cDNA Clone** 

Gly24-Pro97

or AA Sequence:

Tag: Tag Free Predicted MW: 8.56 kDa **Concentration:** lot specific

**Purity:** >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

**Buffer:** Provided lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl

**Endotoxin:** Endotoxin level is < 0.1 ng/µg of protein (< 1 EU/µg)

**Reconstitution Method:** Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. Dissolve the

> lyophilized protein in ddH2O. It is not recommended to reconstitute a concentration less than 100 µg/ml. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Store at -80°C. Storage:

Stability: Stable for at least 6 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling

conditions.

NP 002977 RefSeq:

Locus ID: 6356

**UniProt ID:** P51671, Q6I9T4

RefSeg Size: 925 Cytogenetics: 17q12 RefSeq ORF: 291

SCYA11 Synonyms:





## Eotaxin (CCL11) (NM\_002986) Human Recombinant Protein - TP720904

**Summary:** This antimicrobial gene is one of several chemokine genes clustered on the q-arm of

chromosome 17. Chemokines form a superfamily of secreted proteins involved in immunoregulatory and inflammatory processes. The superfamily is divided into four subfamilies based on the arrangement of the N-terminal cysteine residues of the mature peptide. This chemokine, a member of the CC subfamily, displays chemotactic activity for eosinophils, but not mononuclear cells or neutrophils. This eosinophil-specific chemokine is thought to be involved in eosinophilic inflammatory diseases such as atopic dermatitis,

allergic rhinitis, asthma and parasitic infections. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2014]

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein, Transmembrane

**Protein Pathways:** Asthma, Chemokine signaling pathway, Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, NOD-like

receptor signaling pathway