

Product datasheet for TP720901M

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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ALDH1A1 (NM 000689) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Purified recombinant protein of Human aldehyde dehydrogenase 1 family, member A1

(ALDH1A1)

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

Met1-Ser501

Tag: N-His
Predicted MW: 57 kDa

Purity: >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: Provided lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl

Endotoxin: Endotoxin level is < 0.1 ng/μg of protein (< 1 EU/μg)

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for at least 3 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling

conditions.

RefSeq: NP 000680

Locus ID: 216

UniProt ID: <u>P00352</u>, <u>V9HW83</u>

RefSeq Size: 2116
Cytogenetics: 9q21.13
RefSeq ORF: 1503

Synonyms: ALDC; ALDH-E1; ALDH1; ALDH11; HEL-9; HEL-S-53e; HEL12; PUMB1; RALDH1





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Summary: The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the aldehyde dehydrogenase family. Aldehyde

dehydrogenase is the next enzyme after alcohol dehydrogenase in the major pathway of alcohol metabolism. There are two major aldehyde dehydrogenase isozymes in the liver, cytosolic and mitochondrial, which are encoded by distinct genes, and can be distinguished by their electrophoretic mobility, kinetic properties, and subcellular localization. This gene encodes the cytosolic isozyme. Studies in mice show that through its role in retinol

metabolism, this gene may also be involved in the regulation of the metabolic responses to

high-fat diet. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2011]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS

Protein Pathways: Metabolic pathways, Retinol metabolism