

# Product datasheet for TP720849M

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## D Amino Acid Oxidase (DAO) (NM\_001917) Human Recombinant Protein

### **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Purified recombinant protein of Human D-amino-acid oxidase (DAO)

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

**Expression cDNA Clone** 

Met1-Leu347

or AA Sequence:

Tag: N-His

Predicted MW: 41.64 kDa

**Purity:** >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: Provided lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl

Endotoxin: Endotoxin level is < 0.1 ng/μg of protein (< 1 EU/μg)

**Storage:** Store at -80°C.

**Stability:** Stable for at least 3 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling

conditions.

**RefSeq:** NP 001908

Locus ID: 1610

UniProt ID: <u>P14920</u>, <u>A0A024RBI1</u>

RefSeq Size: 1576

Cytogenetics: 12q24.11

RefSeq ORF: 1041

Synonyms: DAAO; DAMOX; OXDA



### D Amino Acid Oxidase (DAO) (NM\_001917) Human Recombinant Protein - TP720849M

**Summary:** This gene encodes the peroxisomal enzyme D-amino acid oxidase. The enzyme is a

flavoprotein which uses flavin adenine dinucleotide (FAD) as its prosthetic group. Its

substrates include a wide variety of D-amino acids, but it is inactive on the naturally occurring L-amino acids. Its biological function is not known; it may act as a detoxifying agent which removes D-amino acids that accumulate during aging. In mice, it degrades D-serine, a coagonist of the NMDA receptor. This gene may play a role in the pathophysiology of

schizophrenia. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome

**Protein Pathways:** Arginine and proline metabolism, D-Arginine and D-ornithine metabolism, Glycine, serine and

threonine metabolism, Metabolic pathways