

Product datasheet for **TP720757L**

Prostaglandin D Synthase (PTGDS) (NM_000954) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Human prostaglandin D2 synthase 21kDa (brain) (PTGDS)
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	Ala23-Gln190
Tag:	C-6His
Predicted MW:	19.7 kDa
Purity:	>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	Provided lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl
Endotoxin:	Endotoxin level is < 0.1 ng/ μ g of protein (< 1 EU/ μ g)
Reconstitution Method:	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in ddH ₂ O. It is not recommended to reconstitute a concentration less than 100 μ g/ml. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for at least 3 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling conditions.
RefSeq:	NP_000945
Locus ID:	5730
UniProt ID:	P41222 , A0A024R8G3
RefSeq Size:	837
Cytogenetics:	9q34.3
RefSeq ORF:	570
Synonyms:	L-PGDS; LPGDS; PDS; PGD2; PGDS; PGDS2



[View online »](#)

Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene is a glutathione-independent prostaglandin D synthase that catalyzes the conversion of prostaglandin H₂ (PGH₂) to prostaglandin D₂ (PGD₂). PGD₂ functions as a neuromodulator as well as a trophic factor in the central nervous system. PGD₂ is also involved in smooth muscle contraction/relaxation and is a potent inhibitor of platelet aggregation. This gene is preferentially expressed in brain. Studies with transgenic mice overexpressing this gene suggest that this gene may be also involved in the regulation of non-rapid eye movement sleep. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Pathways:

Arachidonic acid metabolism, Metabolic pathways