

# **Product datasheet for TP720677**

### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## FGFRL1 (NM\_001004356) Human Recombinant Protein

#### **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Purified recombinant protein of Human fibroblast growth factor receptor-like 1 (FGFRL1),

transcript variant 1

Species: Human Expression Host: HEK293

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

Ala25-Pro378

Tag: C-His

Predicted MW: 39.9 kDa

Concentration: lot specific

**Purity:** >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

**Buffer:** Lyophilized from a 0.2 um filtered solution of 20mM TrisHCl, 150mM NaCl, pH 8.0.

Endotoxin: Endotoxin level is < 0.1 ng/μg of protein (< 1 EU/μg)

**Reconstitution Method:** Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. Dissolve the

lyophilized protein in ddH2O. It is not recommended to reconstitute a concentration less than 100 µg/ml. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Storage: Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3

weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Stability: Stable for at least 6 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling

conditions.

1512

**RefSeg:** NP 001004356

 Locus ID:
 53834

 UniProt ID:
 Q8N441

 RefSeq Size:
 3215

 Cytogenetics:
 4p16.3

RefSeq ORF:





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**Synonyms:** FGFR-5; FGFR5; FHFR

**Summary:** The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the fibroblast growth factor receptor (FGFR)

family, where amino acid sequence is highly conserved between members and throughout evolution. FGFR family members differ from one another in their ligand affinities and tissue distribution. A full-length representative protein would consist of an extracellular region, composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains, a single hydrophobic membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The extracellular portion of the protein interacts with fibroblast growth factors, setting in motion a cascade of downstream signals, ultimately influencing mitogenesis and differentiation. A marked difference between this gene product and the other family members is its lack of a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The result is a transmembrane receptor that could interact with other family members and potentially inhibit signaling. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same isoform have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Transmembrane