

## **Product datasheet for TP720649L**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## PDGF Receptor beta (PDGFRB) (NM\_002609) Human Recombinant Protein

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Purified recombinant protein of Human platelet-derived growth factor receptor, beta

polypeptide (PDGFRB)

Species: Human Expression Host: HEK293

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

Leu33-Phe530

Tag: C-His

Predicted MW: 57.17 kDa

Concentration: lot specific

**Purity:** >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

**Buffer:** Provided lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl

Endotoxin: Endotoxin level is < 0.1 ng/μg of protein (< 1 EU/μg)

**Reconstitution Method:** Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. Dissolve the

lyophilized protein in ddH2O. It is not recommended to reconstitute a concentration less than 100 µg/ml. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for at least 6 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling

conditions.

**RefSeq:** <u>NP 002600</u>

**Locus ID:** 5159

UniProt ID: <u>P09619</u>, <u>Q59F04</u>

RefSeq Size: 5718
Cytogenetics: 5q32
RefSeq ORF: 3318

Synonyms: CD140B; IBGC4; IMF1; JTK12; KOGS; PDGFR; PDGFR-1; PDGFR1; PENTT





**Summary:** 

The protein encoded by this gene is a cell surface tyrosine kinase receptor for members of the platelet-derived growth factor family. These growth factors are mitogens for cells of mesenchymal origin. The identity of the growth factor bound to a receptor monomer determines whether the functional receptor is a homodimer (PDGFB or PDGFD) or a heterodimer (PDGFA and PDGFB). This gene is essential for normal development of the cardiovascular system and aids in rearrangement of the actin cytoskeleton. This gene is flanked on chromosome 5 by the genes for granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor and macrophage-colony stimulating factor receptor; all three genes may be implicated in the 5-q syndrome. A translocation between chromosomes 5 and 12, that fuses this gene to that of the ETV6 gene, results in chronic myeloproliferative disorder with eosinophilia. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2017]

**Protein Families:** 

Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Protein Kinase, Transmembrane

**Protein Pathways:** 

Calcium signaling pathway, Colorectal cancer, Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, Focal adhesion, Gap junction, Glioma, MAPK signaling pathway, Melanoma, Pathways in cancer,

Prostate cancer, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton