

Product datasheet for TP720640

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

PROCR (NM 006404) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Purified recombinant protein of Human protein C receptor, endothelial (PROCR)

Species: Human **HEK293 Expression Host:**

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

Ser18-Ser210

C-His Tag:

Predicted MW: 23.06 kDa **Concentration:** lot specific

Purity: >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: Provided lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl

Endotoxin: Endotoxin level is < 0.1 ng/µg of protein (< 1 EU/µg)

Reconstitution Method: Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. Dissolve the

> lyophilized protein in ddH2O. It is not recommended to reconstitute a concentration less than 100 µg/ml. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Store at -80°C. Storage:

Stability: Stable for at least 6 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling

conditions.

NP 006395 RefSeq:

Locus ID: 10544 **UniProt ID:** Q9UNN8 RefSeg Size: 1506

Cytogenetics: 20q11.22

RefSeq ORF: 714

CCCA; CCD41; EPCR Synonyms:





PROCR (NM_006404) Human Recombinant Protein - TP720640

Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a receptor for activated protein C, a serine protease

activated by and involved in the blood coagulation pathway. The encoded protein is an N-glycosylated type I membrane protein that enhances the activation of protein C. Mutations in this gene have been associated with venous thromboembolism and myocardial infarction, as well as with late fetal loss during pregnancy. The encoded protein may also play a role in malarial infection and has been associated with cancer. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2013]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Transmembrane