

Product datasheet for TP720404L

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

LILRB2 (NM 001080978) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor, subfamily B (with

TM and ITIM domains), member 2 (LILRB2), transcript variant 2

Species: Human Expression Host: HEK293

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

Gln22-His458

Tag: C-His

Predicted MW: 48.6 kDa **Concentration:** lot specific

Purity: >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: Provided lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl

Endotoxin: < 0.1 EU per µg protein as determined by LAL test

Reconstitution Method: Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. Dissolve the

lyophilized protein in ddH2O. It is not recommended to reconstitute a concentration less than 100 µg/ml. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for at least 6 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling

conditions.

RefSeq: NP 001074447

 Locus ID:
 10288

 UniProt ID:
 A2IXV5

 Cytogenetics:
 19q13.42

Synonyms: CD85D; ILT-4; ILT4; LIR-2; LIR2; MIR-10; MIR10





Summary:

This gene is a member of the leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor (LIR) family, which is found in a gene cluster at chromosomal region 19q13.4. The encoded protein belongs to the subfamily B class of LIR receptors which contain two or four extracellular immunoglobulin domains, a transmembrane domain, and two to four cytoplasmic immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motifs (ITIMs). The receptor is expressed on immune cells where it binds to MHC class I molecules on antigen-presenting cells and transduces a negative signal that inhibits stimulation of an immune response. It is thought to control inflammatory responses and cytotoxicity to help focus the immune response and limit autoreactivity. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Families:

Transmembrane

Product images:

