

## **Product datasheet for TP720304L**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Galactosidase alpha (GLA) (NM\_000169) Human Recombinant Protein

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Recombinant protein of human galactosidase, alpha (GLA)

Species: Human Expression Host: HEK293

**Expression cDNA Clone** 

Leu32-Leu429

or AA Sequence:

Tag: C-His

Predicted MW: 46.4 kDa

Concentration: lot specific

**Purity:** >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: Provided lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl

**Endotoxin:** < 0.1 EU per μg protein as determined by LAL test

**Storage:** Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for at least 3 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling

conditions.

**RefSeq:** <u>NP 000160</u>

**Locus ID:** 2717

UniProt ID: <u>P06280</u>, <u>Q53Y83</u>

Cytogenetics: Xq22.1 Synonyms: GALA

Summary: This gene encodes a homodimeric glycoprotein that hydrolyses the terminal alpha-galactosyl

moieties from glycolipids and glycoproteins. This enzyme predominantly hydrolyzes ceramide trihexoside, and it can catalyze the hydrolysis of melibiose into galactose and glucose. A variety of mutations in this gene affect the synthesis, processing, and stability of this enzyme, which causes Fabry disease, a rare lysosomal storage disorder that results from a failure to

catabolize alpha-D-galactosyl glycolipid moieties. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome





**Protein Pathways:** 

Galactose metabolism, Glycerolipid metabolism, Glycosphingolipid biosynthesis - globo series, Lysosome, Sphingolipid metabolism

## **Product images:**

