## Product datasheet for TP720232XL

## SCO1 (NM_004589) Human Recombinant Protein

## Product data:

Product Type:
Description:

Species:
Expression Host:
Expression cDNA Clone
or AA Sequence:
Tag:
Predicted MW:
Concentration:
Purity:
Buffer:
Endotoxin:
Reconstitution Method:

Storage:
Stability:

RefSeq:
Locus ID:
UniProt ID:
Cytogenetics:
Synonyms:

Recombinant Proteins
Recombinant protein of human SCO cytochrome oxidase deficient homolog 1 (yeast) (SCO1), nuclear gene encoding mitochondrial protein

Human
E. coli

Gly132-Ser300

N-GST
20.1 kDa
lot specific
>95\% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Provided lyophilized from a $0.2 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ filtered solution of 20 mM Tris- $\mathrm{HCl}, 150 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaCl}$
< 0.1 EU per $\mu \mathrm{g}$ protein as determined by LAL test
Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in ddH2O. It is not recommended to reconstitute a concentration less than $100 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Store at $-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Stable for at least 3 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling conditions.

NP 004580
6341
075880
17p13.1
MC4DN4; SCOD1

Summary:

## Product images:

Mammalian cytochrome c oxidase (COX) catalyzes the transfer of reducing equivalents from cytochrome c to molecular oxygen and pumps protons across the inner mitochondrial membrane. In yeast, 2 related COX assembly genes, SCO1 and SCO2 (synthesis of cytochrome c oxidase), enable subunits 1 and 2 to be incorporated into the holoprotein. This gene is the human homolog to the yeast SCO1 gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]


