

## **Product datasheet for TP720216**

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

### p18 INK4c (CDKN2C) (NM\_001262) Human Recombinant Protein

#### **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Recombinant protein of human cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2C (p18, inhibits CDK4)

(CDKN2C), transcript variant 1

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

Met1-Gln168

Tag: N-His

Predicted MW: 20.3 kDa

Concentration: lot specific

**Purity:** >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: Lyophilized from a 0.2 um filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, pH 8.0.

**Endotoxin:** < 0.1 EU per µg protein as determined by LAL test

**Reconstitution Method:** Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. Dissolve the

lyophilized protein in ddH2O. It is not recommended to reconstitute a concentration less than 100 µg/ml. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Storage: Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3

weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Stability: Stable for at least 3 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling

conditions.

RefSeq: NP 001253

 Locus ID:
 1031

 UniProt ID:
 P42773

 Cytogenetics:
 1p32.3

Synonyms: INK4C; p18; p18-INK4C





**Summary:** 

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the INK4 family of cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitors. This protein has been shown to interact with CDK4 or CDK6, and prevent the activation of the CDK kinases, thus function as a cell growth regulator that controls cell cycle G1 progression. Ectopic expression of this gene was shown to suppress the growth of human cells in a manner that appears to correlate with the presence of a wild-type RB1 function. Studies in the knockout mice suggested the roles of this gene in regulating spermatogenesis, as well as in suppressing tumorigenesis. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene, which encode an identical protein, have been reported. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome

**Protein Pathways:** Cell cycle

# **Product images:**

