

Product datasheet for TP720019XL

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Interferon alpha 2 (IFNA2) (NM_000605) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human interferon, alpha 2 (IFNA2)

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

Expression cDNA Clone

Cvs

or AA Sequence:

Cys24-Glu188

Tag: Tag Free
Predicted MW: 19.4 kDa
Concentration: lot specific

Purity: >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: Provided lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl

Bioactivity: Specific Activity is greater than 1.0 x 108 IU/ mg as determined in a viral resistance assay

using VSV-WISH cells.

Endotoxin: < 0.1 EU per μg protein as determined by LAL test

Reconstitution Method: Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. Dissolve the

lyophilized protein in ddH2O. It is not recommended to reconstitute a concentration less than 100 µg/ml. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for at least 6 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling

conditions.

RefSeg: NP 000596

 Locus ID:
 3440

 UniProt ID:
 P01563

 Cytogenetics:
 9p21.3

Synonyms: IFN-alpha-2; IFN-alphaA; IFNA; IFNA2B; leIF A





Summary:

This gene is a member of the alpha interferon gene cluster on chromosome 9. The encoded cytokine is a member of the type I interferon family that is produced in response to viral infection as a key part of the innate immune response with potent antiviral, antiproliferative and immunomodulatory properties. This cytokine, like other type I interferons, binds a plasma membrane receptor made of IFNAR1 and IFNAR2 that is ubiquitously expressed, and thus is able to act on virtually all body cells. The encoded protein is effective in reducing the symptoms and duration of the common cold and in treating many types of cancer, including some hematological malignancies and solid tumors. A deficiency of type I interferon in the blood is thought to be a hallmark of severe COVID-19 and may provide a rationale for a combined therapeutic approach. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2020]

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein

Protein Pathways:

Antigen processing and presentation, Autoimmune thyroid disease, Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, Cytosolic DNA-sensing pathway, Jak-STAT signaling pathway, Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity, Regulation of autophagy, RIG-I-like receptor signaling pathway, Toll-like receptor signaling pathway

Product images:

